

INCWADZI YETINDZABA YE- **SADiLaR**

South African Centre for Digital Language Resources

SISWATI: Inhlaba 2022

ISEKELWA
NGETIMALI:



science & innovation
Department:
Science and Innovation
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

YETFULWA:



NORTH-WEST UNIVERSITY
NOORDWES-UNIVERSITEIT
YUNIBESITI YA BOKONE-BOPHIRIMA

BABAMBISANI:



UNIVERSITEIT VAN PRETORIA
UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA
YUNIBESITHI YA PRETORIA



UNIVERSITEIT
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STELLENBOSCH
UNIVERSITY



EMAFAYELA EMLANDVO: LOKUNGENTIWA BACWANINGI KUTE BALANDZELELE UMLANDVO WEMAFAYELA E-TRUST'S VOC DAY

- Roné Wierenga

Kulandzelela umkhondvo welifayela lemlandvo le-Trust (lapha lokungemafayela e-THT) ikhophasi yedijithali lelicuketse emadayari labhalwe ngesandla kubuyela emuva eminyakeni yema 17 na 18 tigidzi netigidzi (1687-1714). Lamadayari abhalwa ngemalunga e-Dutch East India Company futsi akhulumu ngekuphila kwavo kwamalanga onkhe eKoloni YaseKapa.

Fundza mayelana:

Emafayela Emlandvo:
Lokungentiwa bacwaningi
kute balandzelele umlandvo
wemafayela e-Trust's VOC
Day

Kucalisia Tinsita Tekufundza
te-Digital Humanities

I-Hundzula Retreat: kuvala
kuhlukaniseka emkhatsini
wesayensi
yemakhompuvutha
netelulwimi

Kucokelelwu kombiko
wekusebentisana wesiPhuthi
eLesotho: Sifinyeto

I-Democracy from below
project

Licembu lase-SADiLaR
lifundzisa nge-Data
Carpentries eWits

Imibutsano letako

- 1 Lamadayari anekwatiswa lokuhle lokukhuluma ngekuphila kwemakoloni langemaDutch elugwini laseKapa futsi achaza emalanga etekutsengiselana, hulumende, netentakalo tepolitiki kanye nebululewane lebebukhona emkhatsini weminden - yebantu baseNingizimu Afrika nema-Dutch. Lemibhalo ibhalwe ngesibhunu sakadzeni lesehlukile kusiDutch nobe sibhunu lesetaryelekile.
- 2 Ikhophasi yedijithali njenge-THT, ngumculu lomkhulu wemibhalo (i.e. ikhophasi) lofundzeka emshinini (i.e. entfweni yebuchwepheshe) lokuwenta usebentiseke nakucwaningwa. Lokwenta lifayela lethekhinoloji libe lusito kutsi alutfolakali endzaweni yinye kuphela, ungalihlolwa usebentisa isofthiwe leyehlkile kantsi futsi - etimeni letinyenti - bacwaningi bangayitfola mahlala. Emkhatsini wetintfo letitfolakala kulelifayela, ngemafayela eminden, luhla lwemalanga ekutalwa newekufa, emafayela ekutfunyelwa kwetintfo kanye nemafayela etigcili. Lokwatisa kusita bacwaningi labasha nalabacwaninga emkhakheni weluhla lwekalana, imvelaphi yebantu, kanye nekuhlala kwebantu. Etatini temlandvo, lelifayela lingumcebo welwati lomayelana nemlandvo waseNingizimu Afrika wekulalana
- 3 Ikhophasi yedijithali njenge-THT, ngumculu lomkhulu wemibhalo (i.e. ikhophasi) lofundzeka emshinini (i.e. entfweni yebuchwepheshe) lokuwenta usebentiseke nakucwaningwa. Lokwenta lifayela lethekhinoloji libe lusito kutsi alutfolakali endzaweni yinye kuphela, ungalihlolwa usebentisa isofthiwe leyehlkile kantsi futsi - etimeni letinyenti - bacwaningi bangayitfola mahlala. Emkhatsini wetintfo letitfolakala kulelifayela, ngemafayela eminden, luhla lwemalanga ekutalwa newekufa, emafayela ekutfunyelwa kwetintfo kanye nemafayela etigcili. Lokwatisa kusita bacwaningi labasha nalabacwaninga emkhakheni weluhla lwekalana, imvelaphi yebantu, kanye nekuhlala kwebantu. Etatini temlandvo, lelifayela lingumcebo welwati lomayelana nemlandvo waseNingizimu Afrika wekulalana
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- 8 Ikhophasi yedijithali njenge-THT, ngumculu lomkhulu wemibhalo (i.e. ikhophasi) lofundzeka emshinini (i.e. entfweni yebuchwepheshe) lokuwenta usebentiseke nakucwaningwa. Lokwenta lifayela lethekhinoloji libe lusito kutsi alutfolakali endzaweni yinye kuphela, ungalihlolwa usebentisa isofthiwe leyehlkile kantsi futsi - etimeni letinyenti - bacwaningi bangayitfola mahlala. Emkhatsini wetintfo letitfolakala kulelifayela, ngemafayela eminden, luhla lwemalanga ekutalwa newekufa, emafayela ekutfunyelwa kwetintfo kanye nemafayela etigcili. Lokwatisa kusita bacwaningi labasha nalabacwaninga emkhakheni weluhla lwekalana, imvelaphi yebantu, kanye nekuhlala kwebantu. Etatini temlandvo, lelifayela lingumcebo welwati lomayelana nemlandvo waseNingizimu Afrika wekulalana
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kwebantu kanye nesimo semhlaba. Kwenta bacwaningi babe nemcondvo lowehlukile ngemafa nemasiko aseNingizimu Afrika.

Kubaluleka kwalelifayela akugcini nje ekucwaningeni ngemlandvo. Ngenca yekutsi lamadayari abhalwa ngembikwekutsi siBhunu sibe semtsetfweni, lelifayela lulusito ekucwaningeni ngesipelingi kanye nekuhllewa kwaso, kucwaninga ngendlela yekubhala yesiBhunu Sadzeni, kucwaninga ngekuhllewa kwemasentenisi kanye naletinye tintfo letimayelana nelulwimi. Lamadayari angaphindze asetjentiselwe kucwaninga ngebabhali, kuhlolisa kanye nekucatsanisa siBhunu sakadzeni kanye nesiDutch sangelikhulu lesi-17.

Lelifayela lisikhanyisela ngemphaktsi webantu base-Cape of Good Hope wangelikhulu lesi-17 nelesi-18. Lisicocela indzaba lemayelana nematiloslangemaPutukezi nema-Khoi-San lebesewavele ahlala eKapa kanye nekucala kwelikoloni lebelitawubanesandla ekusungulweni kweRiphabliku YaseNingizumu Afrika.





Kute utfole kwatiswa lokwengetiwe ngalelifayela, fundza i-Liebenberg (ya-2018) nobe uhlole i-Wierenga ne-Breed (ya-2021) njengesibonelo selucwaningo lifayela le-THT lelingasetjentisela lona.

Tincwadzi Letisetjentisiwe

I-Liebenberg, H. ya-2018. Die Wes-Kaapse Argief en die begin van Afrikaans. *Tydskrif vir Geesteswetenskappe*, 58(2):204-236.

I-Wierenga, R. & Breed, C.A. ya-2021. Diachroniese benadering tot die ontwikkeling van die progressiewe perifrastiese konstruksies in Afrikaans en Nederlands: 'n Korpusondersoek. *Tydskrif vir Geesteswetenskappe*, 61(2):588-619.

KUCALISA TINSITA TEKUFUNDZA TE-DIGITAL HUMANITIES

- Natalie Simon

I-South African Centre for Digital Language Resources (SADiLaR) kanye ne-UNESCO yeNyuvesi yase-North-West (NWU) Lengusihlalo Etinsiteni Tetindlela Letehlukehlukene Tekufundza (OERs) yajabulela kumemetela Sinyatselo Sekucala Sekufundzisa nge-Digital Humanities i-OER. Loluhlelo, lolusekelwa yi-SADiLaR's ESCALATOR Digital Champions Initiative, luhloselwe kukhutsata kusebenta nekucwaninga ngekusetjentiswa kanye/nobe kwakhiwa kwema-OER ethekhinoloji yekuphila kwebantfu emanyuvesi aseNingizimu Afrika.

Siyajabula kumemetela kutsi kudzimate kube ngunyalo asangu-26 emaphrekthi lemukelwe kuloluhlelo kute afake sandla aphindze asekele ngemali kwakhiwa nekuvumelana nema-OER kuthekhinoloji ye-Digital Humanities.

"Njengobe libito lisho, ema-OER ngunobe ngutiphi tintfo tekufundzisa, tekufundza kanye netekucwaninga letitfolakala emphakatsini futsi umuntfu akudzingeki akhiphe imali kute atitfole, atisebentise, ativumelanise nato futsi aphindze atisakate," kusho Phrofesa Jako Olivier, Sihlalo we-NWU UNESCO Etinsiteni Tekufundza Letehlukehlukene naku-OER. "Ema-OER alithulusi

lelibalulekile ekwakhiweni kwemakhono nebuchwepheshe bethekhinoloji yekuphila kwebantfu eNingizimu Afrika njengobe lona kungumkhakha lobalulekile lodzinga kututfukiswa ngekuvumelana netidzingo tetemfundvo yekuphila kwebantfu eNingizimu Afrika."

"I-digital humanities ngumkhakha lomusha wekucwaninga eNingizimu Afrika," kusho Phrofesa Menno van Zaanen, longupprofesa we-digital humanities e-SADiLaR, "Isento sekusebentisa emakhompuuyutha emkhakheni lojulile wekuphila. Buchwepheshe bethekhinoloji buvumela bacwaningi

Chafata lana
kute uchumane
natsi:





bekuphila kwebantfu nebesayensi yetenhlalo kutsi bahlole idatha lenkhulu (njengemagama), lokubenta bakwati kuphendvula imibuto yelucwaninga ngendlela lephumelelako nobe baphendvule yonkhe imibuto yekucwaninga ngenoveli."

Lamaphrekthi langu-26 lakhetsiwe asakwatwa etikhungwini letehlukehlukene taseNingizimu Afrika. Afeza imigomo lenjengekusebentisa ema-OER kute etfule umbono wekusetjentiswa kwetilwimi letehlukehlukene, kucedza bukoloni kanye nekusetjentiswa kwemikhakha lengafani etifundvweni tebuntsatseli, kusekelwa kwetilwimi temdzabu etifundvweni temarobhothi eNingizimu Afrika, kanye nekwetfula i-Digital Humanities nekucabanga ngemakhompuuyutha elucwaningeni lolusemtsetfweni. Etinyangeni letitako, i-SADiLaR itawukhangisa ngemsebenti lowentiwa ngemaphrekthi lahlanganyela etinhlelweni tayo letehlukehlukene.

Ngetulu kwemsebenti lowentiwa lucwaningo, loluhlelo lunake kakhulu umsebenti wekwakha. Labatawuhlanganyela eluhlelweni batakwenta tifundvo letimfishane te-OER, letifaka ekhatsi leto letentiwa kuma-webinar nakuma-workshop nekuvula ematfuba ekuhlanganyela ngalokugcwele emsebentini. Loluhlelo lutawuhlanganisa nekusekelwa kwalabahlanganye ku-Digital Humanities kute bacwaninge ngaloluhlelo, bahlanganye etinkhulumiswaneni mayelana nalabakutfolile nabacwaninga bese benta umsebenti wekushicilela umsebenti wabo. Umphumela lomkhulu lohloswe nguloluhlelo kwakha inethiwekhi yebacwaningi be-Digital Humanities neyabochwepheshe eNingizimu Afrika kute kutfutfukiswe lomkhakha losafufusa.

Chumana natsi:



I-HUNDZULA RETREAT: KUVALA KUHLUKANISEKA EMKHATSINI WESAYENSI YEMAKHOMPUYUTHA NETELULWIMI

- Natalie Simon

I-Afrika ilikhaya lemnotfo lomnyenti, futsi tilwimi ngulenye yaleto tintfo. Ngekusho kweluhlelo lwelulwimi lase Afrika e Harvard University, cishe lulwimi lunye kuletintsatfu letikhulunywa emhlabeni luvela evenikati lase-Afrika. Insayeya lekhona njenganyalo etatini telulwimi tase-Afrika kuciniseka kutsi leto tilwimi tiyasetjentiswa kuthekhinoloji letfutfukako.

I-Hundzula Retreat, leyabakhona nga-February 2022 eNyuesi yasePitoli, yahlanganisa tati telulwimi tase-Afrika kanye nalabasebenta ngetilwimi temdzabu kute itame kucedza kuhlukaniseka emkhatsini walemikhakha bese ikhutsata kusebentisana

kute bakhe sisekelo sethekhinoloji etilwimini temdzabu taseNingizimu Afrika.

Emalunga lamane e-South African Centre for Digital Language



Resources (SADIaR) bewakhona ku-retreat futsi akhulumu. Lamalunga bekungu: Rooweither Mabuya, umcwaningi we-Digital Humanities (DH) lonake kakhulu lulwimi lwesiZulu; Andiswa Bukula, DH umcwaningi lonake kakhulu lulwimi lwesiXhosa; Mmasibidi Setaka, DH umcwaningi lonake kakhulu lulwimi lweSisutfu; kanye naRespect Mlambo, DH umcwaningi lonake kakhulu lulwimi lwesiTsonga. Mabuya wabayincenye yelikomidi lelihlelako futsi yena kanye naSetaka bekunetinkhulomo labatetfulako.

Kwakha kuvana, nekususa tihibe

I-Natural language processing (NLP) ifaka ekhatsi tilwimi, isayensi yemakhompuyutha nekuhlakanipha kwetinfo tebuchwepheshe kute emakhompuyutha akwati kwenta imisebenti lebalulekile lelusito etilwimini tebantfu. Telulwimi tifundvo ngelulwimi kanye nekwakheka kwalo, lokufaka ekhatsi luhlelo lwelulwimi, kwakheka kwemisho kanye nekuphinyiselwa kwemagama. ekucaleni ungacabanga kutsi loku lokubili kunjengematzse nelulwimi, kantsi liciniso likutsi kuncane kufanana lokukhona.

'Nanobe bochwepheshe be-NLP benta emathulusi lasetjentiswa bacwaningi belulwimi, tsine lesitati telulwimi asiyati inchubo labayisebentisako, kantsi bochwepheshe be-NLP bavame kusalela emuva elwatini lwabo lolumayelana nekwakheka kwemisho nekuma kwemagama elulwimi,' kusho Bukula.

Emathulusi lakhwiwa bochwepheshe be-NLP asukela kuma-software lehlukehlukene ekuhlola kutsi emagama abhalwe kahle kuye emathulusini

lentelwe kucwaninga, njenge-software yekuhlolisa ftemagama.

Intfo lebeyinakwe kakhulu ngule-retreat bekukucondzisa letinhlelo letimbili kute babenekucondza emisebentini yabo labayentako. Phrofesa Vukosi Marivate, longuSihlalo Wedatha Yesayensi YaseNyuvesi YasePitoli, wetfula inkhulomo lenesihloko lesitsi: 'Kufundza Ngemishini Kwawonke Wonkhe- lyini i-4IR?' Enkulumeni yakhe, akazange agcine ngekuchaza tihloko letibalulekile endzabeni yekufundza ngemishini kodvwa waphindze wachaza indlela labo labangekho kulomkhakha labangafunda ngayo ngemishini, kantsi lokubaluleke kakhulu, wavula nendlela yekutsi tati telulwimi tifundze kabanti ngekufundza ngemishini. Letinye tinkulomo letabakhona te-NLP betifaka ekhatsi lets 'Setfulo Ekushicileweni Kwtelwimi Temdzabu' nga-Jade Abbot, longunjiniyela wekufundza ngemishini we-Rabbit nemcondzisi we-Masakhane, a grassroots NLP organisation.

Mabuya wenta setfulo etifundvweni telulwimi, futsi wachaza kutsi kuyini kuba sati selulwimi, waphindze wachaza netikhungo letehlukehlukene talomkhakha, kantsi Setaka wenta setfulo ngekwakhiwa kwetichazamagama tetilwimi letiphuyile, wagcizelela kubaluleka kwebantu be-NLP kanye nebuchwepheshe betekhinoloji lobuphat selene nekwentiwa kwetichazamagama tetilwimi temdzabu tase-Afrika.

Le-retreat yaniketa bacwaningi be-SADIaR lwati lolunyenti futsi yabakhulisa.

'Lokwangisita kakhulu mine kucondza indlela emathulusi ekhompu yutha lentiwa ngayo, nekutsi ibaluleke kangakanani idatha

Chumana natsi:





Chumana natsi:



labafundziswa ngayo,’ kusho
Bukula.

‘Nyalo kune kutsi ngivele
ngingalitsandzi lithulusi ngobe ngitsi
liveta imiphumela leshodako,
ngibonile kutsi kufanele
ngisebentise lelo thulusi kute
ngilifake idatha leyenele yesiXhosa
nobe ngisebente nachwepheshes
we-NLP kute ngimnikete kwatiswa
ngekwakheka kwemisho kanye
nekuma kwemagama elulwimi.’

Mabuya utsi info leyahamba embili
kuye ku langaniswa kwebantfu
labasha kute ku cocwe ngekutsi
kungavalwa njani lokwehlukana
lokusemkhatsini wetati telulwimi
kanye nalabasebenta ngetilwimi
temdzabu.

Kubeka Sisekelo Sekusebenta Ngekubambisana

Le-retreat beyifaka ekhatsi netefulo
letinemandla letivelala kubo bonkhe
lababa nenceny. Letefulo
betimayelana nelucwaningo
lolwentiwe ngumuntfu ngamunye
naloko labakutsandzile. Loku
kwasita lebebakhona babona bantfu
labe bangasebenta nabo esikhatsini
lesitako. Bukula utsi sewuvele
ubhala kuncoma kwekusebenta
nalabase Nyuvesi yase Stellenbosch
nase Nyuvesi Yase Limpopo. Mabuya
utsi naye ukhonile kubonisana
nabochwepheshes be-NLP
labasebenta ngelulwimi Iwesi Zulu.

Kuvulwa kwematfuba ekusebentisa emakhompu yutha

Le-retreat yasita ekucedzeni
kxesaba lokuvame kubakhona
kubacwaningi bekuphila kwebantfu
makufika endzabeni yekusentjentisa

kwemakhompu yutha. Umkhakha
wetekuphila kwebantfu uya
ngekuya usebentisa kakhulu
ithekhinoloji futsi uphokophelele
embili. Kusentjentisa
kwemakhompu yutha kuvula
umnyango lomusha kute
bacwaningi betekuphila kwebantfu
kanye netinhlelo letinjenge-
Hundzula Retreat letisita
bacwaningi betekuphila kwebantfu,
babone kutsi kute sidzingo
sekufuna kutentela konkhe, ngobe
tinyenti tati tesayensi
yemakhompu yutha
labangasebentisa nato. Bukula,
uphindze atsi loko kususa konkhe
kungacini seki lobekukhona
ekusebenteni ngetilwimi temdzabu,
isayensi yemakhompu yutha kanye
nekufundza ngemishini.

‘Kunetifundvo letentelwe labo
labacalako,’ uyenga. ‘Kufundza
lobuciko bemakhompu yutha
kuyafanana nekufundza lenye info,
ucala ekucaleni, bese
uyakhuphuka, kancane kancane.’

Nasi seluleko sakhe lesiya
kubacwaningi bekuphila kwebantfu
neba fundzi: ‘Ungatitjeli kutsi loku
ngeke wena ukukhone. Likhono
nekuhlelwa kwemakhompu yutha
kubaluleke kakhulu kusayensi
yekulungisa, yetenhlalo
neyekuphila kwebantfu.
Ema Nyuvesi atawube asita bafundzi
bawo nawangenta kutsi lelikhono
bacale kulifundza ngekushesha.’



KUCOKELELWA KOMBIKO WEKUSEBENTISANA WESIPHUTHI ELESOTHO: SIFINYETO

- Natalie Simon

Siphuti, lulwimi lolukhulunywa ngumphakatsi webaPhuti lohlala eningizimu yeLesotho nasenyakatfo yesifundza seMphumalanga Kapa eNingizimu Afrika, sitsatfwa njengelulwimi lolusengotini. Linani lebantfu labakhulum siPhuthu eLesotho kulinganiselwa kutsi lingaba ngu-200 000, kodvwa lelinani lehla ngendlela lemangalisako. Kundlulisa kwelulwimi esitukulwaneni nesitukulwane - lapho bantfwana bafundza siPhuthi kubatali babo nakubogogo nabomkhulu babo - kwenteka etigodzini letimbili temifula, iDaliwe neSinxondo.

Ngisho nakuleto tigodzi letimbili, nangabe umPhuthi ashada nemSotho nobe umXhosa, siPhuthi sivame kungasasetjentiswa kulelokhaya. Kulemishado yetive letingafani, bantfwana bakhula bakhuluma Sesotho nobe siXhosa njengelulwimi lwabo loluyinhloko.

Lokuhle kutsi kute bacinisekise kutsi lolulwimi alupheli ngalokuphelele, boMatthias Brenzinger waseNyuvesi yaseFree State kanye naSheena Shah waseNyuvesi yaseFree State naseNyuvesi yaseHamburg, eJalimane, bebasebenta ngekubambisana kusukela nga-2016 kute babike ngalolulwimi futsi baluvuselele.

Intfo lebaluleke kakhulu ngalomsebenti kutsi kusetjentwa edvute nemphakatsi webaPhuthi, walabo labaseLesotho kanye naseNingizimu Afrika. BoBrenzinger kanye naShah bakholwa ngalokucinile kutsi bantfu labakhuluma lolulwimi ngibo lekfanele bancume kutsi lulwimi lwabo lubikwa njani nekutsi lubikwa ngubani.

Lephrojekthi ifaka ekhatsi kucopha kwekuocwa kwetindzaba tesipPhuthi, kukhuluma kwebantu, tincociswane, tinganekwane, imilandvo kanye

netinkhondlo kute kusitwe situkulwane sanyalo nesesikhatsi lesitako. Iphindze isekele nekukhicitwa kwetintfo letinjengemabhodi etemphilo ekucwayisa nge-COVID-19 ngesipPhuthi kanye nekusungulwa kwasichazamagama setiwimi letine, siPhuthi-Sesotho-siXhosa-siNgisi, futsi lelicembu linelitsembo lekutsi lesichazamagama sitawuba sisekelo sekusungulwa kwetintfo tekufundza netekufundzisa ngesipPhuthi.

Kusebenta nemphakatsi, kwakhiwa emandla

NgaLweti 2021, boBrenzinger naShah bahlela lucecesho kute babike ngelulwimi futsi kuyo batsatsa labasha labasitfupha labakhuluma siPhuthi labasuka eDaliwe naseSinxondo babafundzisa tindlela kanye nemasu ekubika ngelulwimi. Bekufanele kutsi labantfu labasha labalukhuma kahle lulwimi lwesiPhuthi batsatfwe njengalabatawuba lusito loluyinhloko ekuvikeleni lolulwimi kanye nemasiko lasengotini Lelicecesho belingahlanganisi emasu ekurekhoda kuphela kepha nekufundza

Chumana natsi:





Chumana natsi:



ngemikhuba lelusito ekubikeni ngelulwimi, kwakhiwa kwemethadatha, kulondvolotwa kwetimiso kanye nalamanye emakhono labalulekile. Lebebahlanganyele babese basebentisa emakhono abo lamasha ngekutsi bashicilele umsimeto lobaluleke kakhulu ekhalendeni yebaPhuti: kukhunjulwa kweukhotsama kwenkhosi yabo inkhos Murena Moorosi. BaPhuthi babita lomsimeto ngekutsi Sikhumbuto sa Murena Moorosi.

Lokucecesha kwentelwa e-Bethel Business and Community Development Centre (BBCDC), lokusikhungo sekuceceshelwa emakhono lesisendzaweni lekhweshile yaseLesotho.

Kusebenta ngesikhatsise-COVID-19

Insayeya lenkhulu leyabakhona kulelicembu kuchubeka nekwenta umsebenti welulwimi ngesikhatsi selubhubhane Iwemhlaba wonkhe i-COVID-19. Batilandzela ngekucophelela ticondziso tendzawo, telive kanye netemhlaba wonkhe. Bacwaningi bebahlolelwa i-PCR ngembikwekutsi bangene eLesotho futsi bonkhe lebebahlanganyaela *kulelicechesho* bebahlolwa ngembikwekutsi kucale lilanga *Ialo*. Onkhe malanga bekuhlolwa emazinga ekushisa bese abhalwa phasi, futsi bekuhlalwa ngekukhweshelana. Nakwenteka kudzingeka, imsebenti ledzinga kushintjana ngekutsinta beyentelwa ngaphandle.

Kubuka embili

Ngemuva kwekuba *nelicecesho* langaLweti lelaba yimphumelelo kwentiwa tinhlelo tekuba *nalelinye licecesho* lekulandzelela nga-2022

lapho labahlanganyelako batawufundzisa emasu lengetiwe kute batfufukise emakhono abo ekurekhoda futsi balungiselelwe kubika ngelulwimi Iwabo ngelusito kanye nekucondziswa lokuncane.

Yini leyenta siPhuthi sikhetske?

Lokubikwa kwesiPhuti kubaluleke ngalokukhetsekile ngobe silulwimi lolunemlandvo futsi tati telulwimi tifisa kwati kabanti ngalo. Lolulwimi lobelusolo lushintjashintja iminyaka lengetulu kwemakhulu lamabili, letinye tati tilutsatsa njengelulwimi lolunenhanganisela ngenca yekutsi lunetintfo letinyenti lolufana ngato nesiSisutu. Kuhlolisawa kwesiPhuthi - njengobe sisuka ekubeni ngulolunye lulwimi futsi sishintja kakhulu ngaphansi kwalelinye lulwimi - kutawuba nekuphikisana mayelana nekutsi silulwimi loluyinhanganisela nobe lulwimi lolwakhiwa tilwimi letimbili.

Kute utfole luhlelo loluphelele Iwalokubuketa, sicela uhlole loku lokufakiwe.



I-DEMOCRACY FROM BELOW PROJECT

- Boitumelo Matlala

Temokerasi ke kgololosego, mme mo aforika borwa ga eyo kgololosego. Ga gona le temokerasi, ke maaka hela (Imphendvulo 60, ye-Democracy from Below Survey 2021)

Go gololosega mo matshelong a rona (Imphendvulo 4, ye-Democracy from Below Survey 2021)

Lamavi langenhla atimphendvulo tembuto lotsi, 'nguliphi ligama nobe emavi longawasebentisa kute uchaze umbuso wentsandvo yelinyenti' futsi 'usho kutsini kuwe umbuso wentsandvo yelinyenti'. Lena yimbuto lesemcoka ye-Democracy from Below project. Kulephrojekthi, umgommo wetfu kwakha lwati lolubanti mayelana naloko lokucatjangwako kanye nenchazelo yentsandvo yelinyenti etilwimini letisemtsetfweni taseNingizimu Afrika, nekwenta luhlolo loluhambelana nentsandvo yelinyenti eNingizimu Afrika ngekuvumelana nemlandvo welive kanye nekusebenta kwayo etimphilweni tamalanga onkhe. Lephrokthi yentiwa ngekubambisana kweSikhungo Sekugucuka KweKuphila Kwebantfu, Lucwaningo Lwetenhlalo Nemikhuba lolwentiwa eNyuvesi yaseGoli kanye ne-South African Centre for Digital Language Resources e-North-West University. Isekelta ngekwetimali yi-National Institute for the Humanities and Social Sciences.

NgaLweti 2021, saya kubantu kute senta luhlolo lwetilwimi letehlukehlukene sibabuta imibuto ngendlela labayiconda ngayo intsandvo yelinyenti nekutsi basebentisa luphi lulwimi nabakhulumu ngayo. Loluhlolo lwentiwa ngetilwimi letilishumi nakunye taseNingizimu Afrika letisemtsetfweni futsi lwayiswa kubantu ngekusebentisa i-Moya App, lokuluhlelo lekutfumela

imilayeto yamahhala lesetjentiswa bantfu labatigidzi letine eveni lonkhana. Kulemibuto yeluhlolo, lulwimi ngalunye belinebahumushi lababili lebebahumusha imibuto netimphendvulo kute bendlulisele inchazelo lephelele yembuto ngamunye. Umgomo wetfu wekwenta loluhlolo bekukubona kutsi timiso tentsandvo yelinyenti tisabalulekile yini siphindze sakhe imibuto yeluhlolo lesivumela kutsi sikale emandla nebukhulu balamanye emagama lasetjentiswako nakukhulunywa ngentsandvo yelinyenti. Kuloluhlolo satfola timphendvulo letingetulu kwetinkulungwane letimbili.

Luhlolo lungulenyne yetindlela letimbili letiyinhloko letisetjentiswa yi-Democracy from Below project. Indlela yesibili tingcoco tekucwaninga ngebunjalo besimo. Nga-December 2022, sitawucala kwenta tingcoco temlente wekucala. letingcoco letitokwentiwa, tentiwa licembu lebacwaningi labatsatfu. Kudzimate kube ngunyalo, sesente tingcoco netishoshovu tendzawo taseLimpopo, eNorth West, eMphumalanga Kapa, Kwa-Zulu Natal, eFree State kanye nase-Gauteng. Ngekujujisa imibuto yeluhlolo, tingcoco leticwaninga ngebunjalo besimo endlala tintfo kanye nemlandvo lotfonye kucabanga kwebantfu kanye nendlela labayibita ngayo intsandvo yelinyenti. letingcoco tentiwa ngetilwimi tendzawo bese tibhalwa phasi ngato leto tilwimi.

Chumana natsi:





Loko lokusuke kubhalwe phansi kubese kuyatfunyelwa kute kuhlolwe kutsi kuyafaneleka yini kute kucinisekiswe kutsi umcondvo lebewukhulunywe ngemlomo usatfolakala ngisho sekubhalwe phasi, bese kuhunyushelwa esiNgisini. Lenye inhoso yalephrojekthi kubutsa idatha yetilwimi. Kwanyalo kunedatha yetilwimi letimbalwa temdzabu futsi kute lekhulumma ngesihloko sinye lesitfolakala ngetilwimi letehlukehlukene.

Lokunye lokusetjentisiwe kule-*Democracy from Below project* yincociswano kanye nelifilimu lelincane. Lencociswano itawuhlanganisa emalunga lehlukehlukene elicembu lebacwaningi, kanye naletinye tati letisebenta kulephrojekthi, kute bacoce baphindze babonisane ngalabakutfolile emlenteni wekucala walephrojekthi yekucwaninga. Lelifilimu lelincane litawushuthwa ngaMabasa 2022 eSigodzini saseDuncan, eMphumalanga Kapa. Lelifilimu litawuveta tishoshovu lesisebente nato, futsi litawuveta kwehlukana lokukhona enhazelweni nasekulweleni kwe-nkululeko kanye nalesekufinyelelw yintsandvo yelinyenti. Ngekulishuthela eSigodzini saseDuncan, sifisa kuveta kutsi lemibono ivumelana njani

nemlandvo wesive nekulwelwa kwenkululeko. Inhoso yalefilimu kusita ekusakateni tincociswano letimayelana nenchazelo, tento kanye naloko lokucuketfwe yintsandvo yelinyenti, bese iveta kutimisela kwetfu kulungisa lwaiti lesifisa kulihlanganyela elucwaningweni lwesayensi yetenhlalo.

Lwaiti lolukhona emiphakatsini yangemuva kwebukoloni mayelana naloko lokucatjangwako, imikhuba kanye nemzabalazo wentsandvo yelinyenti kuvame kungafakwa enhazelweni yentsandvo yelinyenti. I-*Democracy from Below project* yentelwe kucedza loko ngekwakha umfundzate lofaka ekhatsi lwaiti, umlandvo kanye nalokwentek kubantu baseNingizimu Afrika labavamile encolobaneni yenchanzelo yentsandvo yelinyenti kute kucabanga lokunjalo kucale kusukela ekucaleni. Siyacondza kutsi intsandvo yelinyenti netikhungo tentsandvo yelinyenti kusho kubonisana ngemibono ngaloko lokushiwo yintsandvo yelinyenti - njengemalungelo ebantfu kanye nenkhululeko kutepolitiki - kanye nekutsi leyo mibono ingaphindze ibuketwe futsi.

Chumana natsi:



LICEMBU LASE-SADILAR LIFUNDZISA NGE-DATA CARPENTRIES EWITS

- Natalie Simon

Intfutfuko lenkhulu lebekhona kutekhinoloji yetebuchwephesho leyenteke eminyakeni lembalwa leyengcile isho kutsi nyalo, bacwaningi labakuyo yonke mikhakha sebangakwati kubutsa idatha ngelizinga lelisetulu lelingakate libonwe ngaphambilini. Nanobe kunjalo, bete likhono lwekuondzisa nekuhlola idatha, hhayi lapha eNingizimu Afrika kuphela kepha emhlabeni wonkhe.



Chumana natsi:



I-*Data Carpentry* iluhlelo lolucaliswe emhlabeni wonkhe, lolwakhwiwe lwaphindze lwalondvolotwa ngumphakatsi webantu labanelilukuluku, iluhlelo loluniketa kuceceshwa emakhonweni lamcoka ekucwaninga idatha. Inhoso ye-*Data Carpentry* 'kufundzisa bacwaningi lwati lolusisekelo, emakhono kanye nemathulusi ekusebentisa idatha kute bakwati kwenta lokwengetiwe ngesikhatsi lesincane futsi kalula.'

NgaNdlovana 2022, emalunga lamatsatfu e-South African Centre for Digital Language Resources (SADiLaR), Mmasibidi Setaka, Benito Trollip kanye na-Juan Steyn, benta licecesho- le *Data Carpentry* lesabanjelwa eNyuvesi yase-Witwatersrand (Wits) leyatsanyelwa ngalokukhetsekile titjudeni te-Master of Arts (MA) lebitwa ngekutsi yi-*National e-Science Postgraduate Teaching and Training Platform* (NEPTTP). Loluhlelo luyincenyentutfuko lecaliswe eveni lonkhana kute kwakhiwe likhono lekulondvolota idatha yesayensi kutitjudeni taseNingizimu Afrika. Iluhlelo lolufaka ekhatsi tikhungo letinyenti leluholwa ngumfelanzawonye wemaNyuvesi lasitfupha aseNingizimu Afrika, i-Sol Plaatje University, iNyuvesi YaseLimpopo, iNyuvesi YasePitoli, iNyuvesi YaseVenda, ne-Wits.

Nanobe i-NEPTTP ilungiselela tifundvo letimbili: I-Master of Science kanye ne-MA, ngalokuyinhloko lelicechesho belentelwe bafundzi be-MA. Bafundzi labangaba ngu-10 kuya ku-13 bebakhona kulelicechesho lemalanga lamatsatfu lebeligcizelela kwetfulwa kwedatha yesayensi lemcoka. Labafundzi bebavela etincenyeni letehlukehlukene, letifaka ekhatsi tebudlelwane bemhlaba jikelele, tengcondvo, tifundvo tetindzaba kanye netifundvo tentutfuko.

'Kusungulwa kwalokuceceshwa

kubalulekile ekufundzeni ngedatha yesayensi,' kusho Trollip, lomunye webafundzisi be-SADiLaR kulicecesho, 'ngoba ikharikhulamu, imatheriyeli, nawo onkhe emaphepha kutfolakala kalula ngelayisensi ye-Creative Commons.'

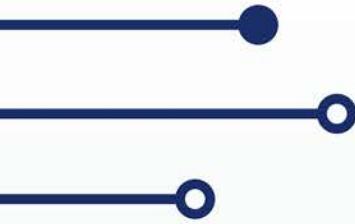
'Loku kusho kutsi bafundzisi bangayetsema lekharikhulamu lehlelwe kahle, futsi nakungenteka bafundzi bafise kuphindze babukete loko labakufundze kulelicechesho, nobe nangabe labanye behluleka kuyifundza yonkhe lekharikhulamu ngemalanga lamatsatfu, bafundzi bangakwati kutfola loko lokubaphutsile ku-intanethi.'

Ngalokukhetsekile, kulelicechesho bafundzi betfulwa ekunakekelweni kwedatha lokusisekelo, lokufaka ekhatsi kulungisa tinkinga letinjengenkinga lephatselene ne-software (njenge-Microsoft Excel) yekusebentisana nobe idatha yekuhlanganyela, nekutsi ngutiphi letinye tintfo letingasetjentiswa.

Labakhona baphindze betfulwa eluhlelweni lwelulwimi R, loluvame kusetjentiswa elucwaningweni lwebunjalo nebungako besayensi yetekuphila kwebantu netenhlalo.

'Ngekuhambelana netifundvo teLwati te-R, saphindze setfula lenye iphakheji ya-R leyatiwa ngekutsi yi-Swirl,' kuchaza Trollip. 'Leli lithulusi lelibalulekile lelisita umfundzi afundze nge-R kancane kancane.'

Baphindze betfula i-OpenRefine kubafundzi, 'lithulusi lelimcoka lekusebenta ngedatha lengakahleleki' lokungulenye indlela lenhle kakhulu longayisebentisa esikhundleni sema-Excel spreadsheets, likunika luhlelo lelikwenta ukhone kushintja idatha kepha kungabi khona lokulahlekako. Loku kukwenta ukwati kuhlolola inchubekela embili



**Kute ufake umbono
ngencwadzi
yetindzaba, sicela utive
ukhululekile kuchumana ne-**
SADiLaR:
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**Nawunembono
ngekuhunyushwa, tive
ukhululekile kucondzisa
umlayeto wakho
kumhumushi nawutfumela**
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Chumana natsi:



yemsebenti uphindze ubuyele
emuva kancane kepha ungalenti
liphutsa.

Luhlelo lwe-NEPTTP lufundzisa
emakhono lamanyenti, ngobe
bafundzi bafundziswa idatha
yesayensi bese kutsi lenye incenye
yaloluhlelo ibafundzise kusebentisa
emakhono kanye nelwati lwedatha
yesayensi emikhakheni yabo
njengenceny eymbiko wabo
wekucwaninga wekugcina.
Kubafundzisi be-*Data Carpentry*
baka-SADiLaR kwaba
nekwenetiseka lokukhulu njengobe
basita bafundzi babone
labangakwenta nabasebentisa i-R
kumaphrokthi abo ekucwaninga.

'Nangikhumbula ngesikhatsi nami
ngisesitjudeni, ngiyati kutsi
kumatima njani kufuna kucwaninga
kepha ungati kutsi kufanele
ukwente njani,' kusho Trollip.

'Incenye lengiyitsandze kakhulu
kulelicechesho bekukucoca
nebafundzi ngemaphrojekthi abo
ekucwaninga bese sisebenta
ndzawonye kute babone tinyatselo
lokufanele batitsatse kute bafike
lapho bafuna kufika khona.'

Bafundzi labahlanganyeles
kulelicechesho le-*Data Carpentry*
futsi labafisa kwandzisa lwati lwabo,
i-SADiLaR yente luhlelo lolubitwa
ngekutsi yi-ESCALATOR,
lolwentelwe kusita ekwakheni
nasekusekeleni umphakatsi
webacwaningi labanelilukuluku
lwekusebentisa emathulusi
netindlela tebuchwephesh
elucwaningweni lwabo
nasekufundziseni.

IMIBUTSANO LETAKO

I-SADiLaR ihlela imibutsano lemikhulu lemitsatfu yesifundza letawubakhona
emkhatsini weNyoni kanye neLweti 2022 eNingizimu Afrika. Lemibutsano
iyincenye yeprojekthi ye-ESCALATOR futsi yentelwe kuchubeka nokusita
umphakatsi wemkhakha wethekhinoloji yetekuphila kwebantfu nesayensi
yetenhlaho kutemakhompuuyutha. Lemibutsano ihlelwe ngendlela yekutsi
ibe netincociswano letihleleke kahle kanye naletkhululekile kute
kuboniswane, kepha ciniseka kutsi uyayibuka i-website yetfu netinhlelo tetfu
tekuchumana kute utfole timemo tekuhlanganyela.

Kute utfole kwatiswa lokwengetiwe nge-ESCALATOR, sicela uvakashele i-
website nobe ubhalise kute utfole timemetelo te-ESCALATOR nge-email.

Chafata lana kute ubhalisele incwadzi yetindzaba

